#### **AMENDMENTS TO SPECIFICATION**

### Please amend the specification, as follows:

### Page 1, lines 10-14:

A conventional current-limiting circuit for a brushless dc fan motor includes a first transistor, a second transistor, a first resistor and a second resistor which are connected and arranged in complementary fashion. The current-limiting circuit has two terminals connected to a power source and a motor drive circuit.,

### Page 2, lines 1-3:

Therefore, the current-limiting circuit is able to avoid great power consumption and operational heat when the fan motor is operated in abnormal abnormally or has failed.

### Page 7, lines 5-18:

When the power source 1 has supplied an overvoltage, the first voltage reference Va supplied from the power source 1 at the end of the first resistor 12 is rapidly increased to conduct the overvoltage protective element 11 to the ground line. Once the overvoltage protective element 11-is breakdown breaks down, it is discharged discharges the power source 1 to the ground line. Current flowing through the first resistor 12 provides the first voltage reference Va at its end. By contrast, the first voltage reference Va is changed to a Lo level, and thus it is able to turn on the base of the second transistor (PNP transistor) 15 which may be saturated. Simultaneously, as the second voltage reference Vb at its end. By contrast, the second voltage reference Vb is changed to a Lo level, and inadequate to turn on the base of the first transistor (NPN transistor) 14. Consequently, turning off the first transistor 14 cuts off the power source 1 to supply to the motor drive circuit 2.

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# <u>Page 9, lines 4-7</u>:

In comparison with the first embodiment, the second transistor 15' is <u>a an NPN</u> transistor. The combination of the overvoltage protective element 11 and the first resistor 12 is able to control the first voltage reference Va for turning on or off the base of the second transistor 15'.